## **PCT**

#### WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



### INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 5:

B21D 39/00, F16B 7/04

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 91/15314

**A1** 

(43) International Publication Date:

17 October 1991 (17.10.91)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/NO91/00050

(22) International Filing Date:

26 March 1991 (26.03.91)

(30) Priority data:

901462

30 March 1990 (30.03.90)

NO

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): RAUFOSS A/S [NO/NO]; N-2830 Raufoss (NO).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): HEGGEN, Hans [NO/ NO]; N-2770 Jaren (NO). NYBORG, Kjell [NO/NO]; N-2864 Fall (NO). STRANDE, Lars [NO/NO]; N-2762 Røykenvik (NO).

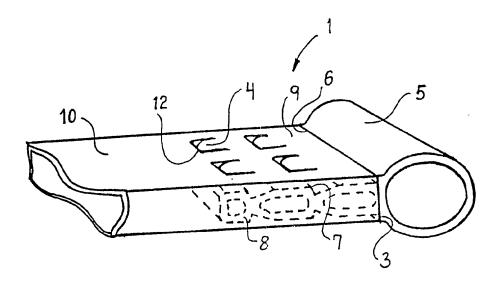
(74) Agent: BYKLUM, Knut, B.; Bryns Patentkontor A/S, Postboks 9566, Egertorget, N-0128 Oslo 1 (NO).

(81) Designated States: AT, AT (European patent), AU, BB, BE (European patent), BF (OAPI patent), BG, BJ (OAPI patent), BR, CA, CF (OAPI patent), CG (OAPI patent), CH, CH (European patent), CM (OAPI patent), DE, DE (European patent), DK, DK (European patent), ES, ES (European patent), FI, FR (European patent), GA (OAPI patent), GB, GB (European patent), GR (European patent), HU, IT (European patent), JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, LU (European patent), MC, MG, ML (OAPI patent), MR (OAPI patent), MW, NL, NL (European patent), NO, PL, RO, SD, SE, SE (European patent), SN (OAPI patent), SU, TD (OAPI patent), TG (OAPI patent), US patent), US.

#### **Published**

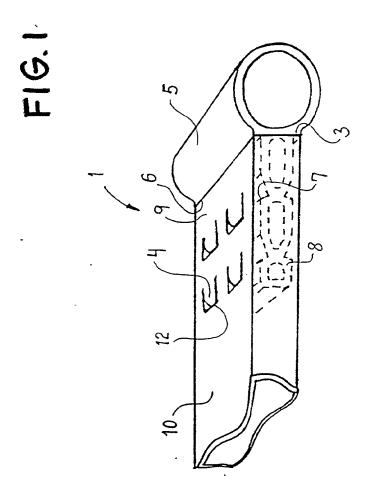
With international search report. In English translation (filed in Norwegian).

(54) Title: JOINING STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS



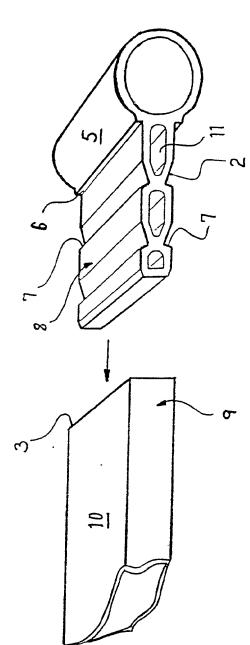
#### (57) Abstract

A method and a joint (1) for joining structural elements (5, 10) of a plastic deformable material, e.g. aluminium, is disclosed. One structural element (5) has a male portion (8) for insertion into a female portion (9) of the other structural element (10). One structural element has at least one engaging surface (6) and at least one reaction surface (7), and the other structural element (10) has at least one engaging surface (3) for contact with said engaging surface (6) of the first mentioned structural element and at least one punched or recessed member (4) with a reaction surface (12) for wedging cooperation with reaction surface(s) (7), said elements (5, 10) being locked in a fixed, clamped state.

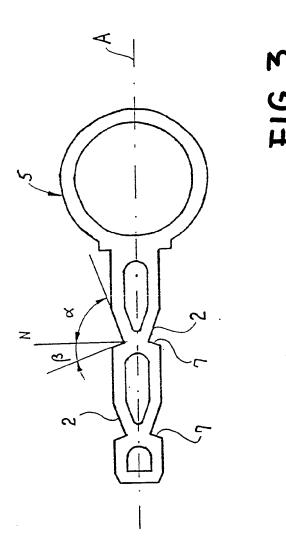


2/5

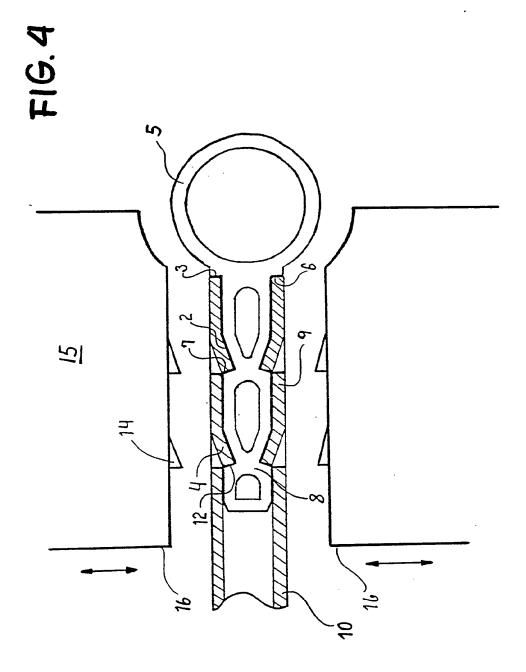


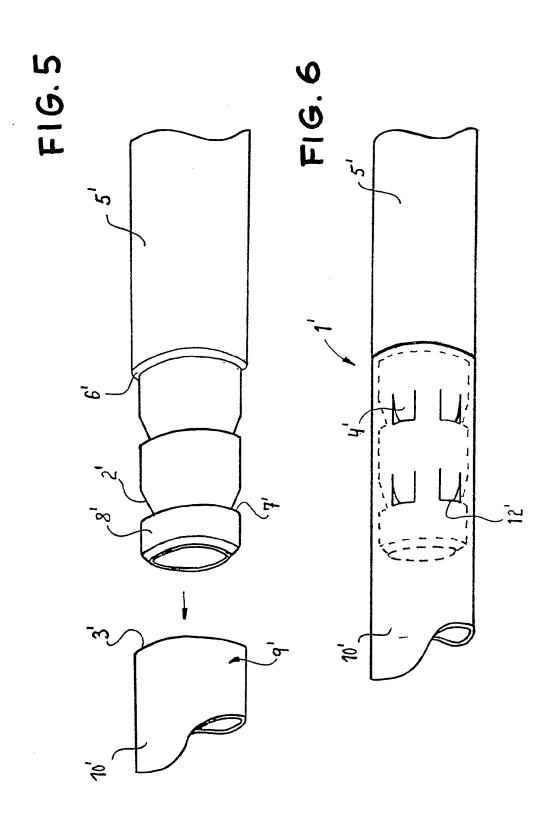


3/5



4/5





#### JOINING STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS

The present invention relates to a method and a joint for joining structural elements of a plastic deformable material, e.g. aluminium, with one of the structural elements having a male portion for insertion to engagement in a female portion of the other structural element.

The invention was especially developed for joining extruded aluminium profiles, but it may obviously be used generally for joining structural elements which are made from a plastic deformable material. Even though the invention finds special application for extruded profiles, the invention may also be used for profiles which are not extruded. The invention may be used for joining structural elements, e.g. for building scaffolding, banisters, framework, trusswork, etc.

Structures like scaffolding of aluminium with welded joints have proved to have a tendency to crack due to fatigue when used for some length of time. Welded connections will often be undesirable from an aesthetic point of view, and welding operations being time consuming they are also undesirable as regards costs.

It is an object of the invention to avoid welded connections of structural elements and to replace such connections by joints which are not subjected to fatigue, are aesthetically attractive and permit the joining operation proper to be performed rapidly.

According to the invention this is achieved by a method of the above mentioned kind, according to which joining occurs by the aid of a punching press means, and which is characterized by the fact that the female portion is partly cut through into discrete areas to form partly cut out recessed

25

30

members, said recessed members concurrently being upset and pressed with a wedging effect towards at least one reaction surface on the male portion.

- Thus a joint of the above mentioned kind is provided, which is characterized by the fact that one of the structural elements has at least one engaging surface and at least one reaction surface, and that the second structural element has at least one engaging surface for engagement with the engaging surface of the first structural element, and at least one recessed member for wedging cooperation with the reaction surface(s) said elements being locked in a clamped state.
- Further features of the invention will appear from the dependent claims.

Other and further objects, features, and advantages will appear from the following disclosure of an embodiment of the invention which is preferred at present and is described to illustrate the invention without being limiting, and given with reference to the appended drawings, in which:

- Figure 1 shows the finished joint according to the invention for joining structural elements;
  - Figure 2 shows both structural elements according to Figure 1 before one is inserted into the other:
  - Figure 3 is a sectional view through one of the structural elements, in which some critical angles are marked;
  - Figure 4 is a sectional view through the joined structural elements with a diagrammatically shown punch press means;
- Figure 5 shows structural elements with a shape that differs from the shape shown in Figures 1-4; and
  - Figure 6 shows the structural elements according to Figure 5 in a finished joint.

With reference to Figure 1, two different structural elements 5, 10 are shown, which are connected to form a finished joint 1. The basis of joint 1 is that one structural element 5 has a male portion 8 which is intended for insertion into a female portion 9 in the second structural element 10, as will appear from Figure 2. The structural element 10 has an engaging surface 3 which is intended for abutment against engaging surface 6 of the other structural element 5. Before the final joining of structural elements 5 and 10 it is necessary to ensure that engaging surfaces 3, 6 are in tight mutual abutment. As shown in Figure 2, the structural element 5 may in the shown embodiment consist of a cut-off length of an elongated extruded profile. In this manner the male portion 8 may obtain its desired shape in a simple manner and without secondary treatment. Thus grooves formed by surfaces 7 and 2 are, shaped immediately during continuous extrusion. In order to save weight and material, the male portion 8 may be formed with one or a plurality of voids 11. The structural element 10 may be an extruded standard profile, e.g. having a rectangular or square cross section and a suitable thickness. A square profile may be provided with rounded off internal and external corners. The internal corners may be recessed hollow keys. It should be understood that the cross sectional shape of male portion 8 perpendicular to the section of profile is complementary with the internal shape of structural element 10.

Figure 3 is a sectional view of a structural element 5, i. e. its section of profile. The longitudinal axis of the profile is designated A. In the intersection line of reaction surface 7 and surface 2 a normal N is orthogonal on axis A. The angle  $\alpha$  between surface 2 and the normal N may advantageously be in the range of  $45^{\circ}$  -  $80^{\circ}$ , and is preferably approximately  $70^{\circ}$ . Angle  $\beta$  between the reaction surface 7 and the normal N may advantageously be in the range of  $5^{\circ}$  -  $45^{\circ}$ , preferably it is approximately  $20^{\circ}$ .

25

35

WO 91/15314 PCT/NO91/00050

5

10

15

20

25

4

Figure 4 shows a sectional view of the joined structural elements 5, 10 when inserted into a punch press means 15 comprising die block means 16, which are movable towards and away from structural elements 5, 10. Cutting and stamping punching tools 14 are mounted on the surface of blocks 16 facing the structural elements 5, 10. When the structural elements 5, 10 are correctly positioned in the press 15 the cutting and punching tools 14 are aligned with grooves formed by surfaces 2, 7 on the male portion 8. At the first contact with the female portion 9 of the structural element 10 the cutting and punching tools 14 will cut into and through the thickness of the profile and upset the cut out flaps or pressed-in portions 4 down into the groove which is defined by the surfaces 2 and 7. The flaps 4 which are cut out in the female portion 9 may be pressed into engagement with the inclined surface 2 on the male portion 8, although this is not a critical condition. At the same time the front face 12 of flap 4 will press towards the inclined reaction surface 7 on the male portion 8 which will provide a wedging effect between the structural elements 5, 10 which will cause the engaging surfaces 3 and 6, respectively to be further pressed against each other. In this manner a firm connection is achieved between the structural elements 5 and 10. This connection or joint 1 will resist high compression forces in particular through the engaging surfaces 3 and 6. and simultaneously resist high tensile forces through the cooperating reaction surfaces 7 and 12.

Figures 5 and 6 show another embodiment of the joint 30 according to the invention. Parts corresponding to 1-4 are designated by the of Figures reference numerals which are, however, marked. As will appear from Figure 5, the method and the joint for connecting structural elements of a plastic deformable material are 35 used to join profiles of a substantially circular cross section. The structural element 5' has a male portion 8'

WO 91/15314 PCT/NO91/00050

5

which is intended for insertion into the female portion 9' of the other structural element 10'. The structural element 5' is inserted into the structural element 10' to provide contact between the engaging surfaces 3' and 6' on respective structural elements. Upon insertion the structural elements 5', 10' are, as mentioned above, conveyed to a press (not shown) for punching out recessed members 4' and upsetting the same, preferably into contact with the surfaces 2' on the male portion 8' and to provide wedging cooperation between the reactions surfaces 7' and 12'. After joining the joint will be rigid as regards buckling due to the guiding of the male portion 8' inside the female portion 9'. The joint 1' will be able to resist both high compression forces and tensile forces.

15

5

10

It will appear from the above disclosure that the joint may be used to connect structural elements of variously shaped profiles, and it may be used for ordinary longitudinal extension, as indicated in Figures 5 and 6. Furthermore, it should be understood that any suitable cross sectional shape of the profile is possible, e.g. be triangular, square, hexagonal, or generally polygonal, elliptical, oval, or desired shape in addition to the shown rectangular and circular cross sectional shapes.

25

As mentioned, the invention was in particular developed for structural elements of aluminium, but it may, obviously be used with other materials which are plastic deformable, e.g. steel, copper, brass, and various alloys. It may also be used with materials of plastic, if desired with a subsequent hotsealing operation.

**3**5

30

It should also be understood that the number of recessed members may be from one, but is preferably two, or more. The longitudinal extent and width of the recessed members may obviously be adapted to the application of the structural members. If the structural members 5, 10 or joint 1 will be

subjected substantially to compression forces, the number of recessed members may be few, optionally said members may have a relatively small width. If the joint 1 is to be subjected substantially to tensile forces the number of recessed members 4 may be more, but the percentage of cut through area should not be higher than half of the total cross sectional area.

5

7

#### PATENT CLAIMS:

1.

A method for joining structural elements of a plastic deformable material, e.g. aluminium, with one structural element (5) having a male portion (8) with transversal groove surfaces (2, 7), which portion (8) is inserted into a female portion (9) of the other structural element (10), and said joining being carried out by means of a press means (15) so that discrete areas in form of flaps or recessed members (4) are cut out which members are upset down into said grooves, characterized i n that said element (5) is brought into engagement with the other element (10), and said recessed members (4) on the female portion (9), upsetting is pressing their reaction surfaces (12) against at least one reaction surface (7) on said male portion (8), which is causing a wedging effect pulling the engaging surfaces (3, 6) of the elements into a firm and stable mutual engagement.

20

25

**3**0

2.

A method according to claim 1,

c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that said recessed members (4) are upset all the way into contact with said surfaces (2) on said male portion (8).

3.

A joint for connecting structural elements of a plastic deformable material, e.g. aluminium, with one structural element (5) having a male portion (8) with transversal groove surfaces (2, 7), which portion (8) is inserted into a female portion (9) of the other structural element (10), wherein descrete areas in the shape of flaps or recessed members (4) are upset into the grooves,

characterized in that one structural element (5) has at least one engaging surface (6) and at least one reaction surface (7), and that the other structural element

WO 91/15314 PCT/NO91/00050

8

(10) has at least one engaging surface (3) for engagement with the engaging surface (6) of the first mentioned structural element, and that the recessed member (4) has a reaction surface (12) for wedging cooperation with said reaction surface(s) (7), said elements (5, 10) being locked in a stable clamped state.

4.

5

A joint according to claim 3,

characterized in that said recessed member (4) is substantially in fully engagement with the surfaces (2) of male the portion (8).

**5**.

A joint according to claims 3 and 4, c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that an angle  $\alpha$  between the surface (2) and a normal (N) standing orthogonally on the longitudinal axis (A) of the structural element (5) is between  $45^{\circ}$  and  $80^{\circ}$ , and preferably is approximately  $70^{\circ}$ .

6.

20

A joint according to claims 1-5,

c h a r a c t e r i z e d i n that the angle  $\beta$  between the reaction surface (7) and the normal (N) is between  $5^{O}$  and  $45^{O}$ , and preferably approximately  $20^{O}$ .

30

35

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/NO 91/00050

I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all) <sup>6</sup>								
Accordin	g to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both							
IPC5:	3 21 D 39/00, F 16 B 7/04							
II FIFI D	S SEARCHED							
III. FIELD	· //	entation Searched <sup>7</sup>						
Classificat	on System	Classification Symbols						
IPC5 B 21 D; E 04 G; E 06 B; F 16 B; F 16 L								
	Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in Fields Searched <sup>8</sup>							
SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above								
III. DOCU	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 9		<del></del>					
Category *	Citation of Document, <sup>11</sup> with indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevant passages 12	Relevant to Claim No.13					
Υ	DE, A, 2757886 (KLIMA + KÄLTE G	MBH)	1-4					
	28 June 1979,		,					
	see the whole document							
Υ	US, A, 4192624 (CARLO G. BUCCI)	11 March 1980.	1-4					
	see the whole document	<b></b>						
A			5-6					
<b>.</b>	OD A C41005 (OFNEDA) PROMITE S	ODDODATION)	1_2 E_E					
A	GB, A, 641986 (GENERAL BRONZE C 23 August 1950, see page 2,	UKPUKATIUN)	1-2,5-6					
	line 111; figures 1-6	1111e 00 -						
х	rine LLI, rigures I o		3-4					
l <u>.</u> .								
X	CH, A, 264274 (AKTIESELSKABET F		3					
	3 January 1950, see page 2,	iine /b -						
	page 3, line 30; figure 6							
"A" doc	* Special categories of cited documents: 10  "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the							
	considered to be of particular relevance invention							
	involve an inventive step							
whi	e, the claimed invention an inventive step when the							
"O" doc								
"P" doc	other means in the art.							
late	later than the priority date claimed  War document member of the same patent family  IV. CERTIFICATION							
	Actual Completion of the International Search	Date of Mailing of this International Se	arch Report					
17th Ju	17th June 1991 -07- 0 1							
International Searching Authority Signature of Authorized Officer								
	SWEDISH PATENT OFFICE Allan Westrin							
orm PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (January 1985)								

US, A, 4072432 (PAUL M. LEVY) 7 February 1978, see column 5, line 25 - column 6, line 6; figures 1-7  DE, A, 2113026 (FA. HUBERT BUTTERWEGGE) 5 October 1972, see the whole document   US, A, 599492 (EDWARD C. CARTER) 22 February 1898, see the whole document   US, A, 2861659 (ANDREW T. HAGERTY ET AL) 25 November 1958, see the whole document   CH, A, 648643 (GEORG FISCHER AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT) 29 March 1985, see the whole document	ategory *	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT (CONTINUED FROM THE SECOND SH  Citation of Document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	
see column 5, line 25 - column 6, line 6; figures 1-7  DE, A, 2113026 (FA. HUBERT BUTTERWEGGE) 5 October 1972, see the whole document  US, A, 599492 (EDWARD C. CARTER) 1-4 22 February 1898, see the whole document  US, A, 2861659 (ANDREW T. HAGERTY ET AL) 1,3 25 November 1958, see the whole document  CH, A, 648643 (GEORG FISCHER AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT) 29 March 1985, see the whole document  GB, A, 1600912 (WAVIN B.V.) 21 October 1981, 3	c.goi y	Chance of Sociality, with indication, where appropriate, or the relevant passages	Kelevalit to Claim No
US, A, 599492 (EDWARD C. CARTER) 22 February 1898, see the whole document  US, A, 2861659 (ANDREW T. HAGERTY ET AL) 25 November 1958, see the whole document  CH, A, 648643 (GEORG FISCHER AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT) 29 March 1985, see the whole document  GB, A, 1600912 (WAVIN B.V.) 21 October 1981,		see column 5, line 25 - column 6,	3
22 February 1898, see the whole document   US, A, 2861659 (ANDREW T. HAGERTY ET AL) 25 November 1958, see the whole document   CH, A, 648643 (GEORG FISCHER AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT) 29 March 1985, see the whole document   GB, A, 1600912 (WAVIN B.V.) 21 October 1981,  3		5 October 1972,	1-6
25 November 1958, see the whole document  CH, A, 648643 (GEORG FISCHER AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT) 29 March 1985, see the whole document  GB, A, 1600912 (WAVIN B.V.) 21 October 1981,  3		22 February 1898,	1-4
29 March 1985, see the whole document  GB, A, 1600912 (WAVIN B.V.) 21 October 1981, 3		25 November 1958,	1,3
GB, A, 1600912 (WAVIN B.V.) 21 October 1981, 3 see the whole document		29 March 1985,	1,3
	1	GB, A, 1600912 (WAVIN B.V.) 21 October 1981, see the whole document	3

# ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.PCT/NO 91/00050

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The members are as contained in the Swedish Patent Office EDP file on 91-05-29 The Swedish Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

C

ţ

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date			Publication date
DE-A-	2757886	79-06-28	AT-B-	365957	82-02-25
US-A-	4192624	80-03-11	CA-A- US-A-	1081050 4336645	80-07-08 82-06-29
GB-A-	641986	50-08-23	NONE		
CH-A-	264274	50-01-03	DE-C- GB-A- NL-C-	945049 621254 69449	00-00-00 00-00-00 00-00-00
US-A-	4072432	78-02-07	NONE		
DE-A-	2113026	72-10-05	NONE		
US-A-	2861659	58-11-25	NONE	,	
CH-A-	648643	85-03-29	NONE		
GB-A-	1600912	81-10-21	DE-A-B-C FR-A- JP-A- NL-A-	2819359 2389823 53140622 7704927	78-11-09 78-12-01 78-12-07 78-11-07